

Dynamin-2

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2665a

Specification

Dynamin-2 - Product Information

WB, IHC, ICC, E Application **Primary Accession** P50570 Reactivity Human Host Mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Mouse IgG2a Isotype Calculated MW 98kDa KDa Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of human Dynamin-2 (AA: 520-744) expressed in E. Coli.

Formulation Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

Dynamin-2 - Additional Information

Gene ID 1785

Other Names DNM2;DYN2; CMT2M; DYNII; LCCS5; CMTDI1; CMTDIB; DI-CMTB

Dilution WB~~ 1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1:100~500 ICC~~N/A E~~ 1/10000

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Dynamin-2 is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Dynamin-2 - Protein Information

Name DNM2 (<u>HGNC:2974</u>)

Synonyms DYN2

Function

Catalyzes the hydrolysis of GTP and utilizes this energy to mediate vesicle scission at plasma

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membrane during endocytosis and filament remodeling at many actin structures during organization of the actin cytoskeleton (PubMed:15731758, PubMed:19605363, PubMed:19623537, PubMed:33713620, PubMed:34744632). Plays an important role in vesicular trafficking processes, namely clathrin-mediated endocytosis (CME), exocytic and clathrin-coated vesicle from the trans-Golgi network, and PDGF stimulated macropinocytosis (PubMed: 15731758, PubMed:19623537, PubMed:33713620). During vesicular trafficking process, associates to the membrane, through lipid binding, and self-assembles into ring-like structure through oligomerization to form a helical polymer around the vesicle membrane and leading to vesicle scission (PubMed:17636067, PubMed:34744632, PubMed:36445308). Plays a role in organization of the actin cytoskeleton by mediating arrangement of stress fibers and actin bundles in podocytes (By similarity). During organization of the actin cytoskeleton, self-assembles into ring-like structure that directly bundles actin filaments to form typical membrane tubules decorated with dynamin spiral polymers (By similarity). Self-assembly increases GTPase activity and the GTP hydrolysis causes the rapid depolymerization of dynamin spiral polymers, and results in dispersion of actin bundles (By similarity). Remodels, through its interaction with CTTN, bundled actin filaments in a GTPase-dependent manner and plays a role in orchestrating the global actomyosin cytoskeleton (PubMed:19605363). The interaction with CTTN stabilizes the interaction of DNM2 and actin filaments and stimulates the intrinsic GTPase activity that results in actin filament-barbed ends and increases the sensitivity of filaments in bundles to the actin depolymerizing factor, CFL1 (By similarity). Plays a role in the autophagy process, by participating in the formation of ATG9A vesicles destined for the autophagosomes through its interaction with SNX18 (PubMed: 29437695), by mediating recycling endosome scission leading to autophagosome release through MAP1LC3B interaction (PubMed:29437695, PubMed:32315611). Also regulates maturation of apoptotic cell corpse-containing phagosomes by recruiting PIK3C3 to the phagosome membrane (By similarity). Also plays a role in cytokinesis (By similarity). May participate in centrosome cohesion through its interaction with TUBG1 (By similarity). Plays a role in the regulation of neuron morphology, axon growth and formation of neuronal growth cones (By

similarity). Involved in membrane tubulation (PubMed:24135484).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasmic vesicle, clathrin-coated vesicle. Cell projection, uropodium. Endosome Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome, centriole Recycling endosome. Cell projection, phagocytic cup {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39054}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39054}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39054}. Cell projection, podosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39054}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39052}. Cell junction {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39052}. Postsynaptic density {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39052}. Synapse, synaptosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39052}. Midbody {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39052} Membrane, clathrin-coated pit {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39052} Note=Localized in recycling endosomes fragment to release nascent autophagosomes (PubMed:32315611). Co-localizes with PIK3C3 and RAB5A to the nascent phagosome. Localized at focal ahesion site upon induction of focal adhesions and stress-fiber formation, when interacts with SDC4 (By similarity). Exists as a dynamic



component of the centrosome Associates with clathrin-coated vesicles at both the plasma membrane and the trans-Golgi network (TGN) (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39054, ECO:0000269|PubMed:32315611}

Tissue Location

Widely expressed (PubMed:7590285). Expressed in skeletal muscle and the peripheral nerve (PubMed:19623537)

Dynamin-2 - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Dynamin-2 - Images

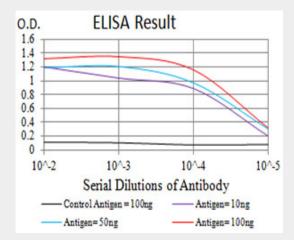


Figure 1:Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng);Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line:Antigen (100 ng)



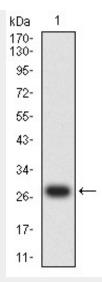


Figure 2:Western blot analysis using Dynamin-2 mAb against human Dynamin-2 (AA: 520-744) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 28 kDa)

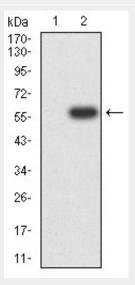


Figure 3:Western blot analysis using Dynamin-2 mAb against HEK293 (1) and Dynamin-2 (AA: 520-744)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

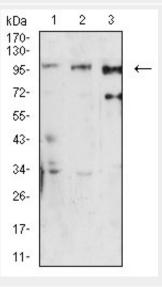




Figure 4:Western blot analysis using Dynamin-2 mouse mAb against U251 (1), Hela (2), and K562 (3) cell lysate.

Dynamin-2 - References

1.Cancer Med. 2014 Feb;3(1):14-24.2.Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. 2012 Oct;164(2):180-4.